

Mountain Peak Special Utility District 5671 Waterworks Road, Midlothian Texas 76065 Office #: (972) 775-3765 Fax #: (972) 775-6508

This institution is an equal opportunity provider and employer

through December 31, 2021. The 2021 CCR must be completed by July 1, 2022. The 2021 Consumer Confidence Report should cover water quality data from January 1, 2021

as well as surface sources from Joe Pool Lake and the TRWD water lines that traverse this Mountain Peak Special Utility District receives it's drinking water from artesian wells

delivering the safest and best quality drinking water to it's customers. The Board of Directors and Staff at Mountain Peak Special Utility take great pride in

in you water supply needs We here at the District are your neighbors, friends and relatives and are here to assist you

us at office@mtpeakwater.com or visit our website at www.mtpeakwater.com. For questions concerning you drinking water, please contact us at 972-775-3765 or email

# 2021 Consumer Confidence Report for Public Water System MOUNTAIN PEAK SUD

This is your water quality report for January 1 to December 31, 2021		For more information regarding this report contact:
MOUNTAIN PEAK SUD provides surface water and ground water from the	ound water from the Name	me Randel Kirk
Thinly Admin and that anough the Ory of survivolence		Phone 972-775-3765
	Est fav	Este reporte incluye información importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en español, favor de llamar al telefono ( <u>972) 775-3765</u> .
Definitions and Abbreviations		
Definitions and Abbreviations	The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.	ures, some of which may require explanation.
Action Level:	The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded	The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
Avg:	Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual	running annual average of monthly samples.
Level 1 Assessment:	A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system t found in our water system.	A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.
Level 2 Assessment:	A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determ has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions	water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation been found in our water system on multiple occasions.
Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL:	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in dr technology.	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG:	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below whi	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL:	The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking v microbial contaminants.	The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDL G:	The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which t disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.	The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
MFL	million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)	
mrem:	millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)	y the body)
na:	not applicable.	
NTU	nephelometric turbidity units (a measure of turbidity)	
pCi/L	picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)	

### **Definitions and Abbreviations**

ppm: ppb: bdd parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/L) parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter (pg/L) milligrams per liter or parts per million micrograms per liter or parts per billion

Treatment Technique or TT: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water ppt

# Information about your Drinking Water

from the presence of animals or from human activity. surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the

not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791. Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does

Contaminants that may be present in source water include

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and
- discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming. Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses
- can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems. Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities

systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health. concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office. Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water

available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). drinking water from your physician or health care providers. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly, or immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; persons who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about

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or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from

### Information about Source Water

MOUNTAIN PEAK SUD purchases water from CITY OF MIDLOTHIAN. CITY OF MIDLOTHIAN provides purchase surface water from TRWD located in Fort Worth See Pages attached to this document.

TCEQ completed an assessment of your source water, and results indicate that some of our sources are susceptible to certain contaminants. The sampling requirements for your water system is based on this susceptibility and previous sample data. Any detections of these contaminants will be found in this Consumer Confidence Report. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts at our system contact [Mountain Peak S,U,D, ][1-972-775-3765]

Lead	Copper	Lead and Copper
2020	2020	Date Sampled
0	1.3	MCLG
ហ៍	1.3	Action Level (AL) 90th Percentile # Sites Over AL
0.0014	0.0814	90th Percentile
0	0	#Sites Over AL
dqq	ppm	Units
Z	z	Violation
Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits.	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.	Likely Source of Contamination

# 2021 Water Quality Test Results

Disinfection By-Products Collection Date	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Sample	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Violation Likely Source of Contamination
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2021	35,3	0 - 35.3	No goal for the total	60	qqq	z	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
the filtheast and a Aroman Detected polime is the highest average of all HAAR sample results collected at a		مر مراد می اور این	hast avarage of all H	A A F cample results		location over a vest	7	

\*The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all HAA5 sample results collected at a location over a year

	Total Trihalomethanes (TT HM)
***************************************	2021
***************************************	49,6
	0 - 49.6
	No goal for the total
	80
	ppb
	Z
	By-product of drinking water disinfection.

\*The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all TTHM sample results collected at a location over a year

Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Barium	2020	0.077	0.077 - 0.077	22	N	ppm	Z	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.
Chromium	2020	0.0014	0.0014 - 0.0014	100	100	qdđ	Z	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits.
Cyanide	2020	0.0394	0.3 - 0.0394	200	200	qdd	z	Discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories; Discharge from steel/metal factories.
Fluoride	2020	1.35	1.09 - 1.35	4	4.0	ppm	z	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen]	2021	0.328	0 - 0.328	10	10	ppm	Z	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.
and the state of t		1			HINNESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSES	MATEUR CONTRACTOR CONT		

N Discharge from rubber and chemical factories.

### Disinfectant Residual

A blank disinfectant residual table has been added to the CCR template, you will need to add data to the fields. Your data can be taken off the Disinfectant Level Quarterly Operating Reports (D LQOR).

Disinfectant Residual	Year	Average Level	Range of Levels D etected	MRDL	MRDLG	Unit of Measure	Violation (Y/N)	Unit of Measure Violation (Y/N) Source in Drinking Water
Disinfectant Residual	2021	2.09	0.6-3.9	4	4	ppm	Z	Water additive used to control microbes.
***************************************		3.000	200					

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(*)	Maximum Contaminant   Level Goal   Co
i positive monthly sample.	Total Coliform Maximum Contaminant Level
1-4	Highest No. of Positive
	Highest No. of Positive Fecal Coliform or E. Coli Total No. of Positive E. Coli Maximum Contaminant Level or Fecal Coliform Samples
0	Total No. of Positive E. Coli or Fecal Coliform Samples
Z	Violation
Naturally present in the environment.	Likely Source of Contamination

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	WCTG	Action Level (AL) 90th Percentile # Sites Over AL	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	06/30/2019	ŗ.i	1.3	0.19	o	ppm	Z	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.

## 2020 Water Quality Test Results

### **City of Midlothian Consumer Confidence Report**

Synthetic organic contaminants including pesticides and herbiodes	Collection Date	Highest Level Desected	Range of Individual Samples	Malg	MCL	Units	Violation	tikely Source of Contamination
Atratine	2020	1	9.2 - 9.6	Э	3	έςα	H	Runoff from herbleide used on row crops.
Simatine	2020	0.23	0-0.23	4	4	qçq	14	Herbicide runoff.

### Disinfectant Residual

Districctant Residual	Year	Average Level	Range of Levels Detected	MAOL	MADIG	Unit of Measure	Violation (Y/N)	Source in Drinking Water
	2020	2.92	2,78-3.65	A	4	рэт	N	Water additive used to control microbes.

### Turbidity

	Level Detected	timit (Treatment Technique)	Violation	tikely Source of Contamination .
Highest single measurement	13370	1.ชาบ	72	Soi runoll.
Lowest monthly % meeting limit	98%	0.3 NTU	11	Soil runoff.

Information Statement: Turbidity is a measurement of the doubliness of the water caused by suspended particles. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of water quality and the effectiveness of our filtration spatement

### Total Organic Carbon

The parcentage of Total Organic Carbon (TOC) removal was measured each month and the system metall TOC removal requirements set, unless a TOC violation is noted in the violations section.

### Violations

May 2020 Monthly Distribution Chlorite Monitoring Violation.

The City received a letter on February 11, 2021 from TCEQ stating that the City is required to post a Public Notice for a Monitoring and Reporting Violation. The May 2020 violation was due to the Monthly Distribution Chlorite sample being collected on a day that the Auger Water Treatment Plant

### Violation:

Chlorite			
Some infants and young children who drink wa in excess of the MCL. Some people may exper		cess of the MCL could	experience nervous system elfects. Similar effects may occur in fetuses of pregnant women who drink water containing chlorite
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE (03P), MAIOR	65/01/2020	05/31/2020	We failed to test our diabling water for the contaminant and period indicated, Eccause of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our diabling water during the period indicated

The CITY OF MIDLOTHIAN water system PWS ID TX0700005 has violated the monitoring/reporting requirements set by Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) in Chapter 30, Section 290, Subchapter F. Public water systems are required to collect and submit chemical samples of water provided to their customers and report the results of those samples to the TCEQ on a regular basis.

We failed to monitor and/or report the following constituents: Chlorites. This/these violation(s) occurred in the monitoring period(s)

### May 2020

Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether your drinking water is safe from chemical contamination. We did not complete all monitoring/reporting for chemical constituents, and therefore TCEQ cannot be sure of the safety of your drinking water during that time.

We are taking the following actions to address this issue:

Samples were taken on a day when only one treatment plant was on-line. We have updated our sampling protocol and provided advanced training to staff as to when samples are to be collected and tested.

Please share this information with all other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (i.e., people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

If you have questions regarding this matter, you may contact Joe Richey 972-775-6663.

Posted/Delivered on: 6/1/2021

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